



## On negative Pell equation $y^2 = 20x^2 - 11$

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### Abstract

The binary quadratic equation represented by negative Pellian  $y^2 = 20x^2 - 11$  is analyzed for its distinct integer solutions. A few interesting relations among the solutions are given. Further, employing the solutions of the above hyperbola, we have obtained solutions of other choices of hyperbolas, parabolas and Pythagorean triangle.

**Keywords:** binary quadratic, hyperbola, parabola, Pell equation, integral solutions

### 1. Introduction

The binary quadratic diophantine equations (both homogeneous and non-homogeneous) are rich in variety. In [1-16] the binary quadratic non-homogeneous equations representing hyperbolas respectively are studied for their non-zero integral solutions. This communication concerns with yet another binary quadratic equation given by  $y^2 = 20x^2 - 11$ . The recurrence relations satisfied by the solutions  $x$  and  $y$  are given. Also a few interesting properties among the solutions are exhibited.

### 2. Method of analysis

The negative Pell equation representing hyperbola under consideration is

$$y^2 = 20x^2 - 11 \quad (1)$$

whose smallest positive integer solution is

$$x_0 = 1, y_0 = 3$$

To obtain the other solutions of (1), consider the pell equation

$$y^2 = 20x^2 + 1$$

whose general solution is given by

$$\tilde{x}_n = \frac{g_n}{2\sqrt{20}}, \quad \tilde{y}_n = \frac{f_n}{2}$$

Where

$$f_n = (9 + 2\sqrt{20})^{n+1} + (9 - 2\sqrt{20})^{n+1}$$

$$g_n = (9 + 2\sqrt{20})^{n+1} - (9 - 2\sqrt{20})^{n+1}, \quad n = -1, 0, 1, \dots$$

Applying Brahmagupta lemma between the solutions  $(x_0, y_0)$  and  $(\tilde{x}_n, \tilde{y}_n)$ , the other integer solutions of (1) are given by

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}f_n + \frac{3}{2\sqrt{20}}g_n \quad (2)$$

$$y_{n+1} = \frac{3}{2}f_n + \frac{\sqrt{20}}{2}g_n \tag{3}$$

(3) Thus (2) and (3) represent the non-zero distinct integer solutions of (1). Recurrence relations for  $x$  and  $y$  are:

$$x_{n+3} - 18x_{n+2} + x_{n+1} = 0, \quad n = -1, 0, 1, \dots$$

$$y_{n+3} - 18y_{n+2} + y_{n+1} = 0, \quad n = -1, 0, 1, \dots$$

A few numerical examples are given in the following Table: 1 below:

**Table: 1:** Numerical Examples

$n$	$x_{n+1}$	$y_{n+1}$
-1	1	3
0	15	67
1	269	1203
2	4827	21587

**2.1 A few interesting relations among the solutions are given below**

1.  $9x_{n+1} - x_{n+2} + 2y_{n+1} = 0$
2.  $x_{n+1} - 9x_{n+2} + 2y_{n+2} = 0$
3.  $161x_{n+1} - x_{n+3} + 36y_{n+1} = 0$
4.  $x_{n+1} - x_{n+3} + 4y_{n+2} = 0$
5.  $x_{n+1} - 161x_{n+3} + 36y_{n+3} = 0$
6.  $40x_{n+1} + 9y_{n+1} - y_{n+2} = 0$
7.  $720x_{n+1} + 161y_{n+1} - y_{n+3} = 0$
8.  $440x_{n+1} + 1771y_{n+2} - 99y_{n+3} = 0$
9.  $99x_{n+1} + 1771x_{n+2} + 22y_{n+3} = 0$
10.  $1771x_{n+2} - 99x_{n+3} + 22y_{n+1} = 0$
11.  $9x_{n+2} - x_{n+3} + 2y_{n+2} = 0$
12.  $x_{n+2} - 9x_{n+3} + 2y_{n+3} = 0$
13.  $40x_{n+2} + y_{n+1} - 9y_{n+2} = 0$
14.  $80x_{n+2} + y_{n+1} - y_{n+3} = 0$
15.  $40x_{n+2} + 9y_{n+2} - y_{n+3} = 0$
16.  $440x_{n+3} + 99y_{n+1} - 1771y_{n+2} = 0$
17.  $720x_{n+3} + y_{n+1} - 161y_{n+3} = 0$
18.  $40x_{n+3} + y_{n+2} - 9y_{n+3} = 0$

**2.2 Each of the following expression represents a cubical integer**

(i)  $\frac{1}{22} [(134x_{3n+3} - 6x_{3n+4}) + (402x_{n+1} - 18x_{n+2})]$

$$(ii) \frac{1}{396} [(2406x_{3n+3} - 6x_{3n+5}) + (7218x_{n+1} - 18x_{n+3})]$$

$$(iii) \frac{1}{11} [(40x_{3n+3} - 6y_{3n+3}) + (120x_{n+1} - 18y_{n+1})]$$

$$(iv) \frac{1}{99} [(600x_{3n+3} - 6y_{3n+4}) + (1800x_{n+1} - 18y_{n+2})]$$

$$(v) \frac{1}{1771} [(10760x_{3n+3} - 6y_{3n+5}) + (32280x_{n+1} - 18y_{n+3})]$$

$$(vi) \frac{1}{22} [(2406x_{3n+4} - 134x_{3n+5}) + (7218x_{n+2} - 402x_{n+3})]$$

$$(vii) \frac{1}{99} [(40x_{3n+4} - 134y_{3n+3}) + (120x_{n+2} - 402y_{n+1})]$$

$$(viii) \frac{1}{11} [(600x_{3n+4} - 134y_{3n+4}) + (1800x_{n+2} - 402y_{n+2})]$$

$$(ix) \frac{1}{99} [(10760x_{3n+4} - 134y_{3n+5}) + (32280x_{n+2} - 402y_{n+3})]$$

$$(x) \frac{1}{1771} [(40x_{3n+5} - 2406y_{3n+3}) + (120x_{n+3} - 7218y_{n+1})]$$

$$(xi) \frac{1}{99} [(600x_{3n+5} - 2406y_{3n+4}) + (1800x_{n+3} - 7218y_{n+2})]$$

$$(xii) \frac{1}{11} [(10760x_{3n+5} - 2406y_{3n+5}) + (32280x_{n+3} - 7218y_{n+3})]$$

$$(xiii) \frac{1}{22} [(2y_{3n+4} - 30y_{3n+3}) + (6y_{n+2} - 90y_{n+1})]$$

$$(xiv) \frac{1}{396} [(2y_{3n+5} - 538y_{3n+3}) + (6y_{n+3} - 1614y_{n+1})]$$

$$(xv) \frac{1}{22} [(30y_{3n+5} - 538y_{3n+4}) + (90y_{n+3} - 1614y_{n+2})]$$

### 2.3 Each of the following expression represents a bi-quadratic integer

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(22)^2} [(2948x_{4n+4} - 132x_{4n+5}) + 4(134x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+2})^2 - 968]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(396)^2} [(952776x_{4n+4} - 2376x_{4n+6}) + 4(2406x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+3})^2 - 313632]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(11)^2} [(440x_{4n+4} - 66y_{4n+4}) + 4(40x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+1})^2 - 242]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(99)^2} [(59400x_{4n+4} - 594y_{4n+5}) + 4(600x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+2})^2 - 19602]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(1771)^2} [(19055960x_{4n+4} - 10626y_{4n+6}) + 4(10760x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+3})^2 - 6272882]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(22)^2} [(52932x_{4n+5} - 2948x_{4n+6}) + 4(2406x_{n+2} - 134x_{n+3})^2 - 968]$$

$$\bullet \frac{1}{(99)^2} [(3960x_{4n+5} - 13266y_{4n+4}) + 4(40x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+1})^2 - 19602]$$

- $\frac{1}{(11)^2} [(6600x_{4n+5} - 1474y_{4n+5}) + 4(600x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+2})^2 - 242]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^2} [(1065240x_{4n+5} - 13266y_{4n+6}) + 4(10760x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+3})^2 - 19602]$
- $\frac{1}{(1771)^2} [(70840x_{4n+6} - 4261026y_{4n+4}) + 4(40x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+1})^2 - 6272882]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^2} [(59400x_{4n+6} - 238194y_{4n+5}) + 4(600x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+2})^2 - 19602]$
- $\frac{1}{(11)^2} [(118360x_{4n+6} - 26466y_{4n+6}) + 4(10760x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+3})^2 - 242]$
- $\frac{1}{(22)^2} [(44y_{4n+5} - 660y_{4n+4}) + 4(2y_{n+2} - 30y_{n+1})^2 - 968]$
- $\frac{1}{(396)^2} [(792y_{4n+6} - 213048y_{4n+4}) + 4(2y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+1})^2 - 313632]$
- $\frac{1}{(22)^2} [(660y_{4n+6} - 11836y_{4n+5}) + 4(30y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+2})^2 - 968]$

**2.4 Each of the following expression represents a nasty number**

- i)  $\frac{1}{22} [804x_{2n+2} - 36x_{2n+3} + 264]$
- ii)  $\frac{1}{396} [14436x_{2n+2} - 36x_{2n+4} + 4752]$
- iii)  $\frac{1}{11} [240x_{2n+2} - 36y_{2n+2} + 132]$
- iv)  $\frac{1}{99} [3600x_{2n+2} - 36y_{2n+3} + 1188]$
- v)  $\frac{1}{1771} [64560x_{2n+2} - 36y_{2n+4} + 21252]$
- vi)  $\frac{1}{22} [14436x_{2n+3} - 804x_{2n+4} + 264]$
- vii)  $\frac{1}{99} [240x_{2n+3} - 804y_{2n+2} + 1188]$
- viii)  $\frac{1}{11} [3600x_{2n+3} - 804y_{2n+3} + 132]$
- ix)  $\frac{1}{99} [64560x_{2n+3} - 804y_{2n+4} + 1188]$
- x)  $\frac{1}{1771} [240x_{2n+4} - 14436y_{2n+2} + 21252]$
- xi)  $\frac{1}{99} [3600x_{2n+4} - 14436y_{2n+3} + 1188]$
- xii)  $\frac{1}{11} [64560x_{2n+4} - 14436y_{2n+4} + 132]$

$$\text{xiii) } \frac{1}{22} [12y_{2n+3} - 180y_{2n+2} + 264]$$

$$\text{xiv) } \frac{1}{396} [12y_{2n+4} - 3228y_{2n+2} + 4752]$$

$$\text{xv) } \frac{1}{22} [180y_{2n+4} - 3228y_{2n+3} + 264]$$

**2.5 Each of the following expression represents a quintic integer**

- $\frac{1}{(22)^3} [(64856x_{5n+5} - 2904x_{5n+6}) + 5(134x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+2})^3 - 5(64856x_{n+1} - 2904x_{n+2})]$
- $\frac{1}{(396)^3} [(377299296x_{5n+5} - 940896x_{5n+7}) + 5(2406x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+3})^3 - 5(377299295x_{n+1} - 940896x_{n+3})]$
- $\frac{1}{(11)^3} [(4840x_{5n+5} - 726y_{5n+5}) + 5(40x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+1})^3 - 5(4840x_{n+1} - 729y_{n+1})]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^3} [(5880600x_{5n+5} - 58806y_{5n+6}) + 5(600x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+2})^3 - 5(5880600x_{n+1} - 58806y_{n+2})]$
- $\frac{1}{(1771)^3} [(33748105160x_{5n+5} - 18818646y_{5n+7}) + 5(10760x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+3})^3 - 5(33748105160x_{n+1} - 18818646y_{n+3})]$
- $\frac{1}{(22)^3} [(1164504x_{5n+6} - 64856x_{5n+7}) + 5(2406x_{n+2} - 134x_{n+3})^3 - 5(1164504x_{n+2} - 64856x_{n+3})]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^3} [(392040x_{5n+6} - 1313334y_{5n+5}) + 5(40x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+1})^3 - 5(392040x_{n+2} - 1313334y_{n+1})]$
- $\frac{1}{(11)^3} [(72600x_{5n+6} - 16214y_{5n+6}) + 5(600x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+2})^3 - 5(72600x_{n+2} - 16214y_{n+2})]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^3} [(105458760x_{5n+6} - 1313334y_{5n+7}) + 5(10760x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+3})^3 - 5(105458760x_{n+2} - 1313334y_{n+3})]$
- $\frac{1}{(1771)^3} [(125457640x_{5n+7} - 7546277046y_{5n+5}) + 5(40x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+1})^3 - 5(125457640x_{n+3} - 7546277046y_{n+1})]$
- $\frac{1}{(99)^3} [(5880600x_{5n+7} - 23581206y_{5n+6}) + 5(600x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+2})^3 - 5(5880600x_{n+3} - 23581206y_{n+2})]$
- $\frac{1}{(11)^3} [(1301960x_{5n+7} - 291126y_{5n+7}) + 5(10760x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+3})^3 - 5(1301960x_{n+3} - 291126y_{n+3})]$
- $\frac{1}{(22)^3} [(968y_{5n+6} - 14520y_{5n+5}) + 5(2y_{n+2} - 30y_{n+1})^3 - 5(968y_{n+2} - 14520y_{n+1})]$
- $\frac{1}{(396)^3} [(313632y_{5n+7} - 84367008y_{5n+5}) + 5(2y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+1})^3 - 5(313632y_{n+3} - 84367008y_{n+1})]$
- $\frac{1}{(22)^3} [(14520y_{5n+7} - 260392y_{5n+6}) + 5(30y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+2})^3 - 5(14520y_{n+3} - 260392y_{n+2})]$

### 2.6 Remarkable Observations

1. Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of hyperbolas which are presented in Table: 2 below.

**Table 2: Hyperbolas**

S. No	Hyperbolas	$(X_n, Y_n)$
1.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(134x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+2}), (40x_{n+2} - 600x_{n+1})]$
2.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 12545280$	$[(2406x_{n+1} - 6x_{n+3}), (40x_{n+3} - 10760x_{n+1})]$
3.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(40x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+1}), (40y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+1})]$
4.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(600x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+2}), (40y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+1})]$
5.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 250915280$	$[(10760x_{n+1} - 6y_{n+3}), (40y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+1})]$
6.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(2406x_{n+2} - 134x_{n+3}), (600x_{n+3} - 10760x_{n+2})]$
7.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(40x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+1}), (600y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+2})]$
8.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(600x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+2}), (600y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+2})]$
9.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(10760x_{n+2} - 134y_{n+3}), (600y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+2})]$
10.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 250915280$	$[(40x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+1}), (10760y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+3})]$
11.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(600x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+2}), (10760y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+3})]$
12.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(10760x_{n+3} - 2406y_{n+3}), (10760y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+3})]$
13.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(2y_{n+2} - 30y_{n+1}), (134y_{n+1} - 6y_{n+2})]$
14.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 12545280$	$[(2y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+1}), (2406y_{n+1} - 6y_{n+3})]$
15.	$20X_n^2 - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(30y_{n+3} - 538y_{n+2}), (2406y_{n+2} - 134y_{n+3})]$

2. Employing linear combinations among the solutions of (1), one may generate integer solutions for other choices of parabolas which are presented in Table: 3 below

**Table 3: Parabolas**

S. No	Parabolas	$(X_n, Y_n)$
1.	$440X_n - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(134x_{2n+2} - 6x_{2n+3} + 44), (40x_{n+2} - 600x_{n+1})]$
2.	$7920X_n - Y_n^2 = 12545280$	$[(2406x_{2n+2} - 6x_{2n+4} + 792), (40x_{n+3} - 10760x_{n+1})]$
3.	$220X_n - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(40x_{2n+2} - 6y_{2n+2} + 22), (40y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+1})]$
4.	$1980X_n - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(600x_{2n+2} - 6y_{2n+3} + 198), (40y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+1})]$
5.	$35420X_n - Y_n^2 = 250915280$	$[(10760x_{2n+2} - 6y_{2n+4} + 3542), (40y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+1})]$
6.	$440X_n - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(2406x_{2n+3} - 134x_{2n+4} + 44), (600x_{n+3} - 10760x_{n+2})]$
7.	$1980X_n - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(40x_{2n+3} - 134y_{2n+2} + 198), (600y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+2})]$
8.	$220X_n - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(600x_{2n+3} - 134y_{2n+3} + 22), (600y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+2})]$
9.	$1980X_n - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(10760x_{2n+3} - 134y_{2n+4} + 198), (600y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+2})]$
10.	$35420X_n - Y_n^2 = 250915280$	$[(40x_{2n+4} - 2406y_{2n+2} + 3542), (10760y_{n+1} - 120x_{n+3})]$
11.	$1980X_n - Y_n^2 = 784080$	$[(600x_{2n+4} - 2406y_{2n+3} + 198), (10760y_{n+2} - 2680x_{n+3})]$
12.	$220X_n - Y_n^2 = 9680$	$[(10760x_{2n+4} - 2406y_{2n+4} + 22), (10760y_{n+3} - 48120x_{n+3})]$
13.	$440X_n - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(2y_{2n+3} - 30y_{2n+2} + 44), (134y_{n+1} - 6y_{n+2})]$
14.	$7920X_n - Y_n^2 = 12545280$	$[(2y_{2n+4} - 538y_{2n+2} + 792), (2406y_{n+1} - 6y_{n+3})]$
15.	$440X_n - Y_n^2 = 38720$	$[(30y_{2n+4} - 538y_{2n+3} + 44), (2406y_{n+2} - 134y_{n+3})]$

## 2.7 Generation of Pythagorean triangle

2.7.1 Let  $p, q$  be the non-zero distinct integers such that

$$p = x_{n+1} + y_{n+1}, q = y_{n+1}$$

Note that  $p > q > 0$  treat  $p, q$  as the generators of Pythagorean triangle  $T(X, Y, Z)$  where

$$X = 2pq, Y = p^2 - q^2, Z = p^2 + q^2, p > q > 0$$

Let  $A, P$  represents the area and perimeter of Pythagorean triangle. Then the following results are observed.

1.  $X - 10Y + 9Z = 11$
2.  $\frac{2A}{P} = x_{n+1} * y_{n+1}$
3.  $X + Y - \frac{4A}{P}$  is written as the sum of two squares.
4.  $3\left(X - \frac{4A}{P}\right)$  is a Nasty number.
5.  $3(Z - Y)$  is a Nasty number.

2.7.2 Let  $p, q$  be the non-zero distinct integers such that

$$p = x_{n+1} + y_{n+1}, q = y_{n+1}$$

Note that  $p > q > 0$  treat  $p, q$  as the generators of Pythagorean triangle  $T(X, Y, Z)$  where

$$X = 2pq, Y = p^2 - q^2, Z = p^2 + q^2, p > q > 0$$

Let  $A, P$  represents the area and perimeter of Pythagorean triangle. In this case, the corresponding Pythagorean triangle satisfies the relation  $Y - 40X + 39Z = 22$

### 3. Conclusion

In this paper, we have presented infinitely many integer solutions for the hyperbola represented by the negative pell equation  $y^2 = 20x^2 - 11$ . As the binary quadratic diophantine equations are rich in variety, one may search for the other choices of negative pell equations and determine their integer solutions along with suitable properties.

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